

3-Mbit (128K X 24) Static RAM

Features

- High speed
 □ t_{AA} = 10 ns
- Low active power
 □ I_{CC} = 175 mA at 10 ns
- Low CMOS standby power
 □ I_{SB2} = 25 mA
- Operating voltages of 3.3 ± 0.3V
- 2.0V data retention
- Automatic power down when deselected
- TTL compatible inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion with \overline{CE}_1 , CE_2 , and \overline{CE}_3 features
- Available in Pb-free standard 119-ball PBGA

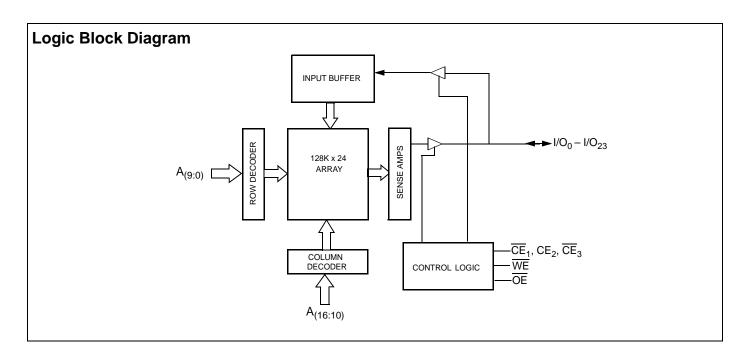
Functional Description

The CY7C1024DV33 is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 128K words by 24 bits. This device has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when deselected.

To <u>write</u> to the device, enable the chip ($\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ LOW, CE₂ HIGH, and $\overline{\text{CE}}_3$ LOW), while forcing the Write Enable (WE) input LOW.

To read from the device, enable the chip by taking \overline{CE}_1 LOW, CE_2 HIGH, and \overline{CE}_3 LOW while forcing the Output Enable (\overline{OE}) LOW and the Write Enable (\overline{WE}) HIGH. See the Truth Table on page 7 for a complete description of Read and Write modes.

The 24 I/O pins (I/O $_0$ to I/O $_2$ 3) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected (CE $_1$ HIGH, CE $_2$ LOW, or CE $_3$ HIGH) or when the output enable (OE) is HIGH during a write operation. (CE $_1$ LOW, CE $_2$ HIGH, CE $_3$ LOW, and WE LOW).



[+] Feedback



Selection Guide

Description	-10	Unit
Maximum Access Time	10	ns
Maximum Operating Current	175	mA
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	25	mA

Pin Configuration

Figure 1. 119-Ball PBGA Top View [1]

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	NC	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	NC
В	NC	Α	Α	CE ₁	А	Α	NC
С	I/O ₁₂	NC	CE ₂	NC	CE ₃	NC	I/O ₀
D	I/O ₁₃	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₁
E	I/O ₁₄	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	I/O ₂
F	I/O ₁₅	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₃
G	I/O ₁₆	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	I/O ₄
Н	I/O ₁₇	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₅
J	NC	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	NC
K	I/O ₁₈	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₆
L	I/O ₁₉	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	I/O ₇
M	I/O ₂₀	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₈
N	I/O ₂₁	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	I/O ₉
Р	I/O ₂₂	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	I/O ₁₀
R	I/O ₂₃	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	I/O ₁₁
T	NC	Α	Α	WE	Α	Α	NC
U	NC	Α	Α	ŌĒ	Α	Α	NC

Note

^{1.} NC pins are not connected on the die.



Maximum Ratings

Storage Temperature—65°C to +150°C
Ambient Temperature with

Power Applied –55°C to +125°C

Supply Voltage on $\rm V_{CC}$ Relative to GND $^{[2]}....-0.5V$ to +4.6V

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs

DC Input Voltage [2]0.5V	to V _{CC} + 0.5V
Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage	>2001V
(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	
Latch Up Current	>200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V _{CC}	
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C	$3.3\text{V} \pm 0.3\text{V}$	

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions [3]	_	Unit		
Farailletei	Description	rest Conditions **	Min	Max	Oill	
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = -4.0 \text{ mA}$	2.4		V	
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min, I_{OL} = 8.0 \text{ mA}$		0.4	V	
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	
V _{IL} [2]	Input LOW Voltage		-0.3	0.8	V	
I _{IX}	Input Leakage Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$	-1	+1	μΑ	
I _{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$, output disabled	-1	+1	μΑ	
I _{CC}	V _{CC} Operating Supply Current	$V_{CC} = Max$, $f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA CMOS levels		175	mA	
I _{SB1}	Automatic CE Power Down Current —TTL Inputs	Max V_{CC} , $\overline{CE} \ge V_{IH}$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{IH}$ or $V_{IN} \le V_{IL}$, $f = f_{MAX}$		30	mA	
I _{SB2}	Automatic CE Power Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{CC}, \ \overline{\text{CE}} \geq \text{V}_{CC} - 0.3\text{V}, \\ &\text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{CC} - 0.3\text{V}, \text{ or V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3\text{V}, \text{ f} = 0 \end{aligned}$		25	mA	

Capacitance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $f = 1$ MHz, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$	8	pF
C _{OUT}	I/O Capacitance		10	pF

Thermal Resistance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	119-Ball PBGA	Unit
Θ_{JA}		Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four layer printed circuit board	20.31	°C/W
Θ _{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		8.35	°C/W

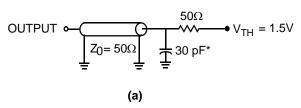
Notes

- 2. V_{IL} (min) = -2.0V and V_{IH} (max) = V_{CC} + 2V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
- 3. $\overline{\text{CE}}$ refers to a combination of $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$, $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$, and $\overline{\text{CE}}_3$. $\overline{\text{CE}}$ is LOW when $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$, $\overline{\text{CE}}_3$ are LOW and $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ is HIGH. $\overline{\text{CE}}$ is HIGH, or $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ is HIGH.

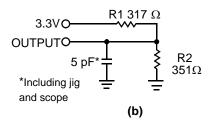
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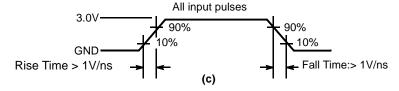


Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveform^[4]



*Capacitive Load consists of all components of the test environment





AC Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range [5]

Danamatan	Description	_	-10	
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle				
t _{power} ^[6]	V _{CC} (Typical) to the First Access	100		μS
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	10		ns
t _{AA}	Address to Data Valid		10	ns
t _{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	3		ns
t _{ACE}	CE Active LOW to Data Valid [3]		10	ns
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to Data Valid		5	ns
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to Low Z [7]	1		ns
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to High Z [7]		5	ns
t _{LZCE}	CE Active LOW to Low Z [3, 7]	3		ns
t _{HZCE}	CE Deselect HIGH to High Z [3, 7]		5	ns
t _{PU}	CE Active LOW to Power Up [3, 8]	0		ns
t _{PD}	CE Deselect HIGH to Power Down [3, 8]		10	ns

Notes

- Valid SRAM operation does not occur until the power supplies have reached the minimum operating V_{DD} (3.0V). 100 μs (t_{power}) after reaching the minimum operating V_{DD}, normal SRAM operation can begin including reduction in V_{DD} to the data retention (V_{CCDR}, 2.0V) voltage.
- 5. Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, and input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V. Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading as shown in part a) of Figure 2, unless specified otherwise.
- 6. t_{POWER} gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply is at typical V_{CC} values until the first memory access is performed.
- t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{LZOE}, t_{LZOE}, t_{LZOE}, and t_{LZWE} are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in part (b) of Figure 2. Transition is measured ±200 mV from steady state voltage.
- 8. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.



AC Switching Characteristics (continued)

Over the Operating Range [5]

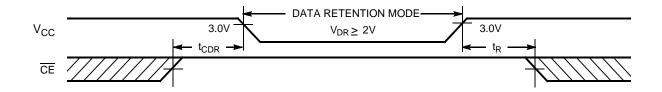
Donomotor	Description	-	10	Unit	
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit	
Write Cycle [9, 1	0]		•	•	
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	10		ns	
t _{SCE}	CE active LOW to Write End [3]	7		ns	
t _{AW}	Address Setup to Write End	7		ns	
t _{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0		ns	
t _{SA}	Address Setup to Write Start	0		ns	
t _{PWE}	WE Pulse Width	7		ns	
t _{SD}	Data Setup to Write End	5.5		ns	
t _{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0		ns	
t _{LZWE}	WE HIGH to Low Z [7]	3		ns	
t _{HZWE}	WE LOW to High Z [7]		5	ns	

Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions ^[3]	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V _{CC} for Data Retention		2			V
I _{CCDR}	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = 2V$, $\overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \le 0.2V$			25	mA
t _{CDR} [11]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0			ns
t _R ^[12]	Operation Recovery Time		t _{RC}			ns

Data Retention Waveform



Notes

- 9. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ and $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ and $\overline{\text{CE}}_3$ LOW and $\overline{\text{WE}}$ LOW. Chip enables must be active and $\overline{\text{WE}}$ must be LOW to initiate a write. The transition of any of these signals terminate the write. The input data setup and hold timing is referenced to the leading edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 10. The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{\text{WE}}$ controlled, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ LOW) is the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD} .
- 11. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- 12. Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC(min)} \ge 50 \,\mu s$ or stable at $V_{CC(min)} \ge 50 \,\mu s$.

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Switching Waveforms

Figure 3. Read Cycle No. 1 (Address Transition Controlled) $^{[13,\ 14]}$

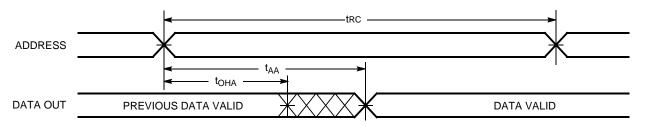


Figure 4. Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled) [3, 14, 15]

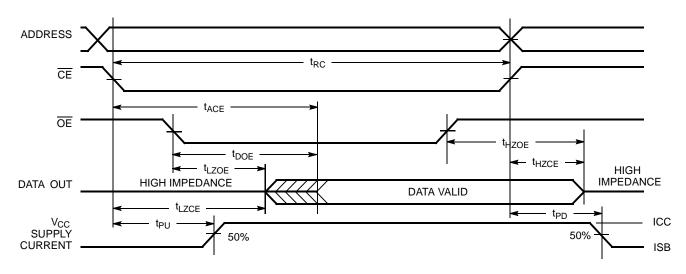
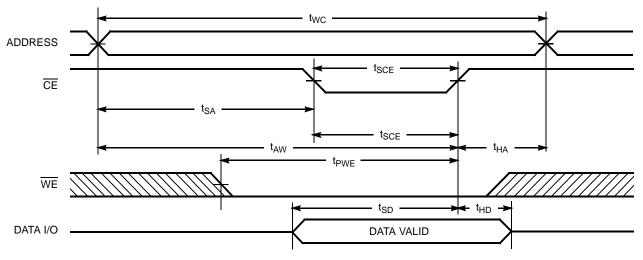


Figure 5. Write Cycle No. 1 (CE Controlled) [3, 16, 17]



Notes

- 13. Device is continuously selected. \overline{OE} , $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$.
- 14. $\overline{\text{WE}}$ is HIGH for read cycle.
- 15. Address valid before or similar to $\overline{\text{CE}}$ transition LOW.
- 16. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$.
- 17. If $\overline{\text{CE}}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{\text{WE}}$ Controlled, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ HIGH During Write) [3, 16, 17]

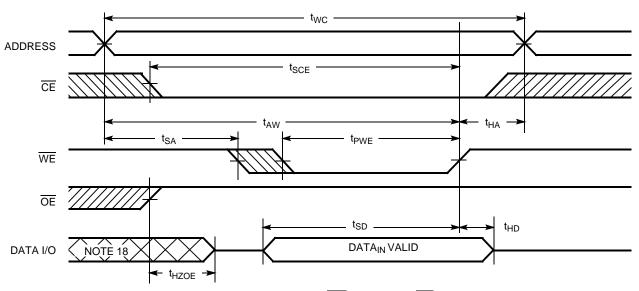
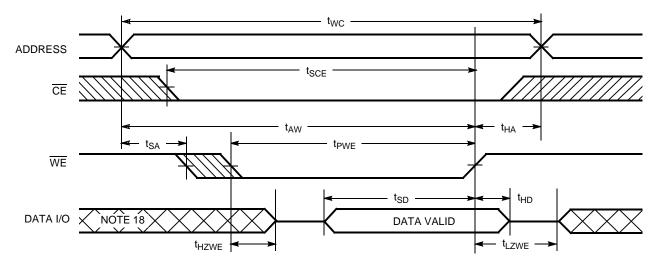


Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled, OE LOW) [3, 17]



Truth Table

CE ₁	CE ₂	CE ₃	OE	WE	I/O ₀ -I/O ₂₃	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	Χ	Х	High Z	Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
Х	L	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
Х	Х	Н	Χ	Х	High Z	Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
L	Н	L	L	Н	Full Data Out	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	L	Х	L	Full Data In	Write	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	L	Н	Н	High Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I _{CC})

Note

^{18.} During this period, the I/Os are in the output state and input signals are not applied.

В

C

D

Ε

F

G

Н

J

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Ρ

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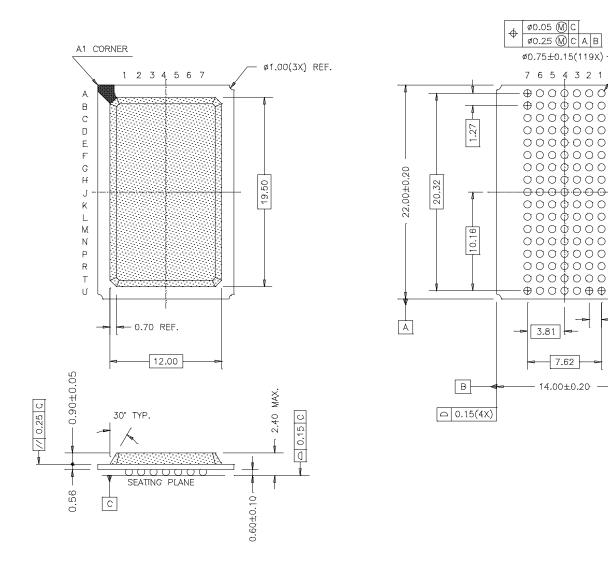


Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C1024DV33-10BGXI	51-85115	119-Ball Plastic Ball Grid Array (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm) (Pb-Free)	Industrial

Package Diagram

Figure 8. 119-Ball PBGA (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm)



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Document History Page

Document Title: CY7C1024DV33, 3-Mbit (128K X 24) Static RAM Document Number: 001-08353							
Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change			
**	469517	NXR	See ECN	New data sheet			
*A	499604	NXR	See ECN	Added note 1 for NC pins Changed I _{CC} specification from 150 mA to 185 mA Updated Test Condition for I _{CC} in DC Electrical Characteristics table Added note for t _{ACE} , t _{LZCE} , t _{HZCE} , t _{PU} , t _{PD} , t _{SCE} in AC Switching Characteristics Table on page 4			
*B	1462586	VKN/SFV	See ECN	Converted from preliminary to final Updated block diagram Changed I _{CC} specification from 185 mA to 225 mA Updated thermal specs			
*C	2604677	VKN/PYRS		Removed Commercial operating range, Added Industrial operating range Removed 8 ns speed bin, Added 10 ns speed bin			

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